

Static and Generic Deobfuscation and Devirtualization with LLVM

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bio

- Yusuf "naci" İşlek
- Researching obfuscation/deobfuscation
- <https://github.com/NaC-L>

The goal

- Understanding what obfuscation is
- Reducing effort for deobfuscating protected software

What is (vm based) obfuscation and why is it an issue

A basic add function:

```
int add(int a, int b) {  
    return (a + b);  
}
```

What is (vm based) obfuscation and why is it an issue

Toy VM example:

<https://godbolt.org/z/Yq3abMcao>

Traditional ways to deal with VM based protection

Static analysis of vm structure:

- Trying to understand each opcode and analysing the VM bytecode
- Time-consuming
- Becomes obsolete when VM structure is changed
- Need to analyse the bytecode correctly and being able to understand what it does

Traditional ways to deal with VM based protection

Dynamic analysis of vm structure:

- A function might have multiple, misdirecting behaviour
- VM protection might have Anti-emulation, Anti-VM, Anti-Debug
- VM content stays as a black box

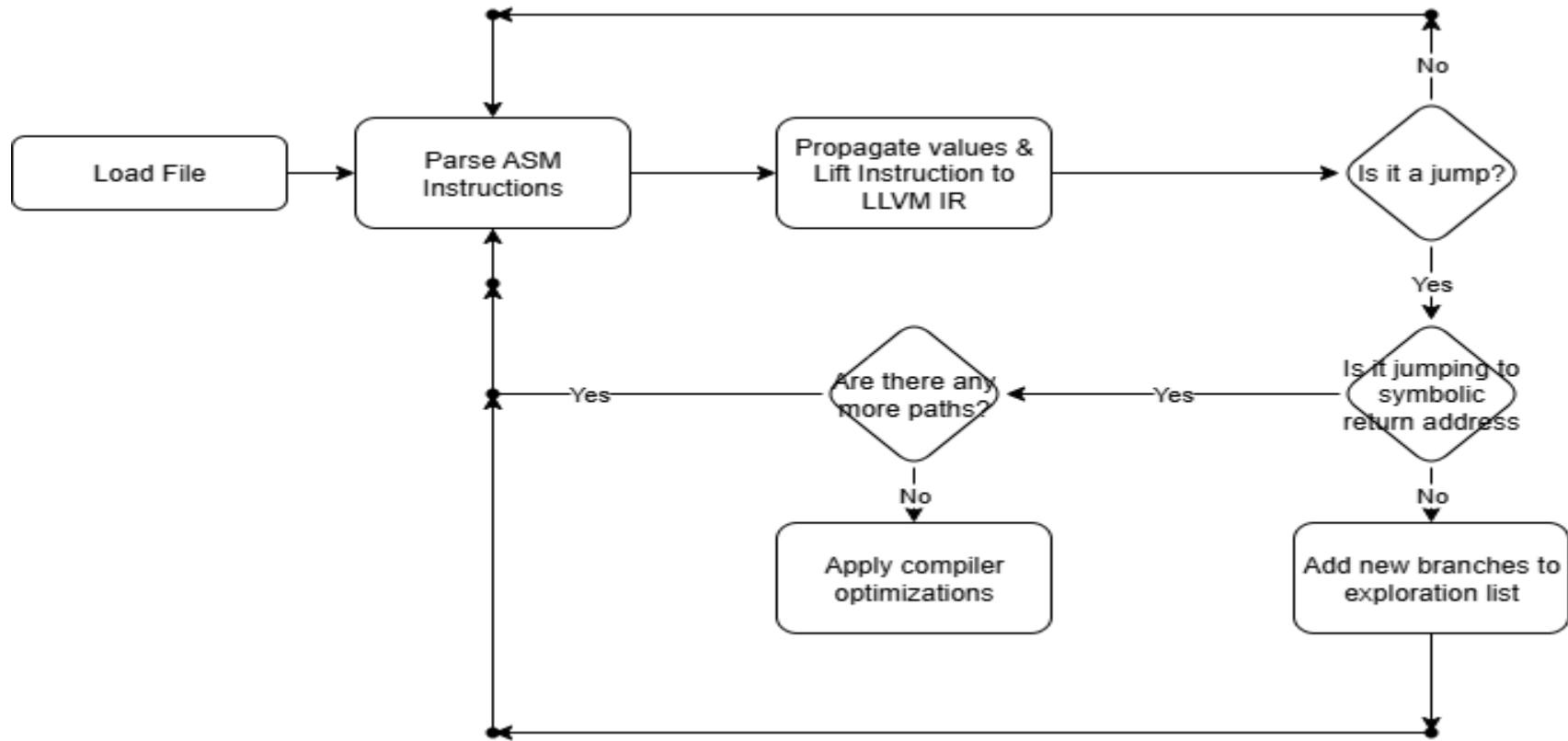
What Mergen does different

What Mergen does different?

- Aims to be a generic solution
- Doesn't execute any code, explores paths symbolically
- Uses a technique called "dynamic lifting" to use compiler optimizations on obfuscation



Workflow chart



What is "lifting"?

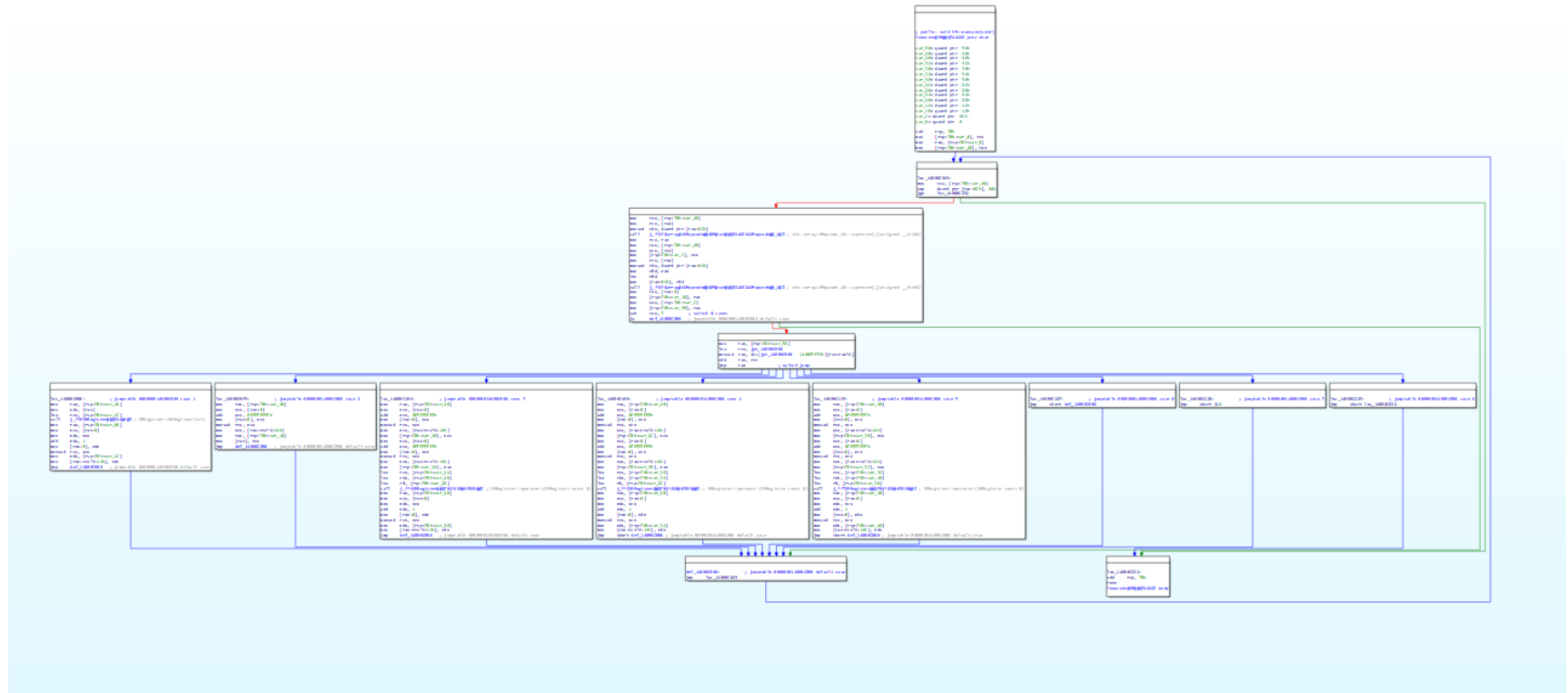
- Taking a lower level language and "lifting" into a higher level language.
- Instead of fetch/decode/execute, we do fetch/decode/transform
- In "dynamic lifting" we propagate the values

Why Lifting to LLVM IR is better?

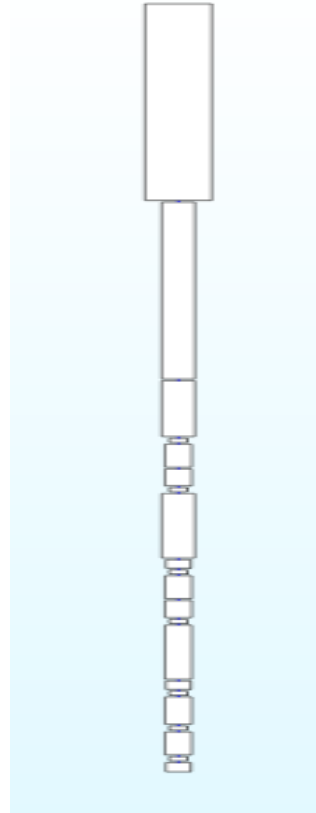
- LLVM is a collection of compiler toolchains
- LLVM IR(Intermediate Representation) is between programming languages and assembly
- LLVM has built-in optimizations
- Single Static Assignment(SSA) format
- Being able to re-compile

Target: Toy VM

<https://godbolt.org/z/Ke33Ph5so>



Unrolling the CFG of Toy VM



Results, unrolled & optimized

```
define i64 @main(i64 %rax, i64 %rcx, i64 %rdx, i64 %rbx, i64 %rsp, i64 %rbp,  
i64 %rsi, i64 %rdi, i64 %r8, i64 %r9, i64 %r10,  
i64 %r11, i64 %r12, i64 %r13, i64 %r14, i64 %r15,  
ptr nocapture readnone %TEB, ptr nocapture readnone %memory) local_unnamed_addr #0 {  
entry:  
    %0 = trunc i64 %rdx to i32  
    %realxor-5368715542-84 = xor i64 %rdx, %rcx  
    %realxor-5368715542- = trunc i64 %realxor-5368715542-84 to i32  
    %realadd-5368715382- = add i32 %realxor-5368715542-, %0  
    %1 = zext i32 %realadd-5368715382- to i64  
    ret i64 %1  
}
```

Results, compiled & decompiled

```
int deobfuscated(  
    uint64_t rax,  
    uint64_t rcx,  
    uint64_t rdx,  
    uint64_t rbx,  
    uint64_t rsp,  
    uint64_t rbp,  
    uint64_t rsi,  
    uint64_t rdi,  
    uint64_t r8,  
    uint64_t r9,  
    uint64_t r10,  
    uint64_t r11,  
    uint64_t r12,  
    uint64_t r13,  
    uint64_t r14,  
    uint64_t r15,  
    uint64_t mem)  
{  
    return (rdx ^ rcx) + rdx;  
}
```

Target: Complex math function

<https://godbolt.org/z/TvPnWqzvo>

Obfuscated with VMProtect 3.8

There are 37.077 blocks just like this

=>

https://nac-l.github.io/assets/img/vmp38_def_branch.svg

https://nac-l.github.io/2025/01/25/lifting_0.html

```
.vmp0:00000001400ED1CE
.vmp0:00000001400ED1CE
.vmp0:00000001400ED1D0
.vmp0:00000001400ED1D1
.vmp0:00000001400ED1D2
.vmp0:00000001400ED1D6
.vmp0:00000001400ED1D9
.vmp0:00000001400ED1DC
.vmp0:00000001400ED1DE
.vmp0:00000001400ED1E0
.vmp0:00000001400ED1E3
.vmp0:00000001400ED1E5
.vmp0:00000001400ED1E7
.vmp0:00000001400ED1E8
.vmp0:00000001400ED1E8
.vmp0:00000001400ED1F5
.vmp0:00000001400ED1F6
.vmp0:00000001400ED1FA
.vmp0:00000001400ED1FE
.vmp0:00000001400ED202
.vmp0:00000001400ED20A
.vmp0:00000001400ED20C
.vmp0:00000001400ED20F
.vmp0:00000001400ED213
.vmp0:00000001400ED218
.vmp0:00000001400ED21A
.vmp0:00000001400ED21C
.vmp0:00000001400ED222
.vmp0:00000001400ED225
.vmp0:00000001400ED228
.vmp0:00000001400ED22A
.vmp0:00000001400ED22C
.vmp0:00000001400ED233
.vmp0:00000001400ED234
.vmp0:00000001400ED238
.vmp0:00000001400ED242
.vmp0:00000001400ED245
.vmp0:00000001400ED248
.vmp0:00000001400ED24C
.vmp0:00000001400ED24F
.vmp0:00000001400ED251
.vmp0:00000001400ED254
.vmp0:00000001400B0C1E loc_1400B0C1E:
.vmp0:00000001400B0C1E
.vmp0:00000001400B0C21
.vmp0:00000001400B0C24
.vmp0:00000001400B0C27
.vmp0:00000001400B0C29
.vmp0:00000001400B0C2A

push    r14
cwde
push    rbp
movsx   r11, r8w
dec     di
xchg    al, bpl
push    r15
push    r12
movzx   edi, bp
dec     al
push    r10
push    rsi
movsx   ebp, bp
mov     rax, 0
push    rax
dec     r8w
setnb   dil
mov     bp, r13w
mov     rsi, [rsp+38h+arg_50]
not     esi
bswap   bx
xchg    bx, r8w
movsx   bp, r11b
dec     esi
ror     esi, 1
sub     esi, 7F471CDFh
setb    bh
ror     r8b, cl
sub     ebp, eax
neg     esi
and     rbp, 75AA0A65h
stc
lea     rsi, [rsi+rax]
mov     rbx, 100000000h
add     rsi, rbx
and     bpl, r13b
sub     r11b, 35h ; '5'
mov     r8, rsp
test    ebp, ebx
rc1     r11b, cl
rol     r10b, cl
; CODE XREF: su

movsxd  r10, r10d
cmp     r15b, r12b
add     r11, r10
push    r11
retn
```

Results.

<https://godbolt.org/z/qMxP7e55a>

```
int main(  
    uint64_t rax,  
    uint64_t rcx,  
    uint64_t rdx,  
    uint64_t rbx,  
    uint64_t rsp,  
    uint64_t rbp,  
    uint64_t rsi,  
    uint64_t rdi,  
    uint64_t r8,  
    uint64_t r9,  
    uint64_t r10,  
    uint64_t r11,  
    uint64_t r12,  
    uint64_t r13,  
    uint64_t r14,  
    uint64_t r15,  
    uint64_t mem)  
{  
    int v17; // edx  
    int v18; // eax  
  
    v17 = rdx + rcx;  
    v18 = -(int)r8;  
    if ( v17 <= 0 )  
        v18 = r8;  
    return v17 + v18;  
}
```

How fast it is?

310.327 total instruction

Mergen – 2.8s (exploration) + 2.5s (optimization) = 5.3s

Triton – 29.2s (exploration) + 32.12s (optimization) = 61.3s

Alternate usage ideas

- Optimizing software without source code
- Recompiling existing software into other platforms
- Inserting binary instrumentation for testing

Technical challenges

- Complex, unbounded loops (due to symbolic execution)
- Needs a bigger scope of context than other approaches
- Complex Mixed Boolean Arithmetics

Contributions

- Demonstrated a public, static, and generic methodology for deobfuscating and devirtualizing x86_64 binaries.
- Provided new insights into the inner workings of commercial software protectors.